

Assembly Instructions for Croydon Baptistry

Components list

- Ten fibreglass side panels
- Foam mats (base)
- 1 insulating disc (floating cover)
- Pool liner(s)
- Approx 50 bolts and wingnuts
- Layflat Hosepipe
- Heater
- Pump
- Hosepipe connectors
- Step (if present)

Other things you may want to get hold of: Assorted carpet squares, lots of towels and bath mats, & two heavy duty extension leads. (Waterproof duck tape if you have a puncture.)

Puncture Repair. Liners are checked upon return and prior to being sent out again. However, despite everyone's best efforts, liners can be damaged in transit or set up. Please **DO NOT take liners outdoors** – chippings damage liners. If the hole can be found, empty off, dry the area and put a patch over the hole **both** inside and out, using waterproof tape to patch inside and out.

There are a number of factors to consider before siting the pool:

- a) Access to water via hosepipe (hose pipe about 15m long)
- b) Access to two *separate* electrical sockets
- c) Easy access to changing facilities (remember: baptism candidates exiting the pool will be more than dripping wet!)
- d) The liner is not to go outdoors either during use or to be emptied.

“Pack to Protect” is our motto when packaging the baptistry – particularly for the electrical goods. The heater is fragile and couriers are not! **PLEASE READ THE REPACKING INSTRUCTIONS.** Please ensure the liner is dry and the pipe is empty of water.

We and future customers will thank you for your care.

1. To Assemble Pool

Place the foam mats where you want the pool to be assembled. If you are concerned about your floor then you may want to place plastic floor covering underneath first. **Beware:** tape should NOT be used on the mats as it doesn't come off and will damage them.



Next, start to assemble the side panels (the end with the holes to top, flat side inwards), join panel together with nuts, bolts and washers provided. It is best at first to leave the screws loose for each section until all the sides are together and then go round and tighten them. This is the last opportunity to check you are happy with the position of the pool, before you put the liner and water in.

2. Inserting the liner

Open out the blue liner, place inside surround, making sure the overlap is

on the **outside**. If present, align the V-shaped seams in the liner with the angles between the side panels. Stretch top edges over top of side panels.

Note: This is a two person job. Pull any excess liner down the outside of the pool to get rid of folds within the pool.



3. Filling the Pool

When the liner is in place and straight, then you are ready to start filling the pool with water. You need to fill it approx $\frac{2}{3}$ full, this can take about 2½ hours; if you can use two hose pipes this will reduce the time considerably.

Place heater in the pool (do not switch on until water covers the heater). This is a dual heater, hence the need for two leads; make sure they are plugged into separate sockets otherwise they will blow the fuses. Allow a minimum of 12 hours to heat the water to be sufficiently warm. Heating time can range from 7 to 16 hours with the setting on 8 notches or about $\frac{2}{3}$ depending on how much hot/warm water you can add to the pool. Place the covers over the pool.



4. Emptying the Pool and the Submersible Pump

Connect hose and ensure other end is down a toilet, an outside drain, etc (not a sink as it will overflow). Plug in; put the pump unit into the water, switch on. If the pump cuts out, check the 'float switch' if present; **often, switching the pump off then on at the mains will help 'reset' it.** The pump will not work in water less than 2 inches, so as the water empties pull the edge of liner towards you and the pump. This way you keep the water as deep as possible and are able to empty the pool. If there is a little water left, you will be able to lift the liner out and empty it. Dry the liner. Ensure all pipes are **empty**.

NB: DO NOT EMPTY THE LINER OUTSIDE, liners get dirty, punctures happen, which will affect the bond.